Docket No. CUPO-20-2 (3037-4167)

## IN THE CLAIMS:

Please AMEND the claims as follows:

1. (Previously Amended) An OFDM receiver, comprising:

means for recovering and sampling an rf signal from a transmitter into in- phase (I) and quadrature phase (Q) components of a baseband signal;

means for computing auto correlation amplitude and phase values of the I and Q components at sample points;

means for averaging and saving the auto correlation values of the I and Q components over L symbols for two or more frames before computing the correlation;

phase lock loop means for providing a sample number indicating an OFDM frame boundary using the averaged I and Q auto correlation values and an output signal locked to the transmitter rf signal;

means providing a receiver clock chain output phase locked to the transmitter rf signal;

means providing an offset value indicative of the phase difference between the receiver
and a transmitter; and

means for correcting frequency and timing offset between the receiver and the transmitter in the sample number.

2. (Original Claim) The OFDM receiver of Claim 1 further comprising: means for estimating frame synchronization of the OFDM frame boundary.

Docket No. CUPO-20-2 (3037-4167)

- 3. (Currently Amended) he <u>The</u> OFDM receiver of Claim 1 further comprising: means for phase locking the transmitter and the receiver.
- 4. (Original Claim) The OFDM receiver of Claim 1 further comprising: means for estimating the transmitter and receiver frame offset.
- 5. (Original Claim) The OFDM receiver of Claim 1 further comprising: means responsive to the sample number and a negative phase angle of the auto correlation values for correcting for frequency synchronization, frame synchronization, and transmitter/receiver frequency offset.
  - 6. (Original Claim) The ODFM receiver of Claim 1 further comprising:
    means responsive to a sampling clock for generating the I and Q of the received signal.
- (Original Claim) The OFDM receiver of Claim 1 further compnising:
  means for storing the sampled I and Q components coupled to the auto correlation means
  and a correcting means.
- (Original Claim) The OFDM receiver of Claim 1 further comprising:
   means for storing the averaged auto correlation values coupled to an offset estimator and
   a frame synchronization estimator.

б

Docket No. CUPO-20-2 (3037-4167)

- 9. (Previously Canceled Without Prejudice)
- 10. (Previously Amended) The OFDM receiver of Claim 22 further comprising; amplifier means responsive to the means for integrating and rounding off providing a coherent clock signal for the transmitter and the receiver.
- 11. (Previously Amended) The OFDM receiver of Claim 22 further comprising; a programmable counter responsive to the coherent clock signal and a receiver clock for generating a receiver clock chain phase locked to a clock in the transmitter.
- 12. (Previously Amended) A method of correcting timing and frequency offset in an OFDM receiver, comprising the steps of:

sampling in-phase (I) and quadrature phase (Q) components of a baseband signal; computing auto-correlation amplitude and phase values of the I and Q components; estimating a frame boundary of the received signal;

providing a sample number indicating a correct frame boundary;

estimating frequency and timing offset in the sample number of the receiver and a transmitter; and

correcting the frequency and timing offset in the sample number.

Docket No. CUPO-20-2 (3037-4167)

- 13. (Onginal Claim) The method of Claim 12 further comprising the step of: using the amplitude of the auto-correlation function to estimate the frame boundary.14. (Original Claim) The method of claim 12 further comprising the step of: using the negative of the phase angle of the auto-correlation value as an estimated frequency offset at the sample number.
- 14. (Original Claim) The method of claim 12 further comprising the step of: using the negative of the phase angle of the auto-correlation value as an estimated frequency offset at the sample number.
  - 15. (Original Claim) The method of Claim 12 further comprising the step of: applying the estimated frame boundary to a phase-locked loop.
  - 16. (Original Claim) The method of Claim 12 further compassing the step of: generating a coherent phase clock signal for the transmitter and the receiver.
  - 17. (Original Claim) The method of Claim 12 further comprising the steps of:

    Storing the 1 and Q component values;

    providing the stored I and Q values for auto-correlation; and

    providing the stored values for offset correction.

Docket No. CUPO-20-2 (3037-4167)

- 18. (Original Claim) The method of claim 12 further comprising the steps of:
  storing the auto-correlation values;
  providing the auto-correlation values to a frame estimator;
  providing the auto-correlation values to an offset estimator.
- 19. (Original Claim) The method of Claim 12 further comprising the steps of: adjusting the phase angle of each sample in a storing means by an amount proportional to "n" where "n" is counted from a correct frame boundary.
  - 20. (Original Claim) The method of Claim 12 comprising the step of: averaging the auto-correlation values over frames in a storage device.
- 21. (Currently Amended) In an IBOC system including a filter coupled to a converter, a first storage means coupled to the converter and to a correlator, a second storage means coupled to a frame synchronization estimator and an offset estimator, a phase locked loop coupled to the frame synchronization estimator and to the offset estimator, and an offset correction means coupled to the first storage means, the offset estimator and the phase locked loop, a method of correcting timing and frequency offset between a transmitter and a receiver in the system, comprising the steps of:

sampling in-phase (I) and quadrature phase (Q) components of a received signal;

Docket No. CUPO-20-2 (3037-4167)

computing auto-correlation amplitude and phase values of the I and Q components for two or more frames;

estimating a frame boundary of the received signal;

providing a sample number indicating a correct frame boundary using a phase lock loop; providing a receiver clock chain output phase locked to the a transmitter;

estimating the transmitter and receiver frequency and timing offset in the sample number; and

correcting the frequency and timing offset in the sample number.

22. (Currently Amended) An OFDM receiver, comprising:

means for recovering and sampling an rf signal into in-phase (I) and quadrature phase (Q) components of a baseband signal;

means for computing auto correlation amplitude and phase values of the I and Q components at sample points;

means for averaging the auto correlation values of the I and Q components over L symbols;

phase lock loop means for providing a sample number indicating an OFDM frame boundary using the averaged I and Q auto correlation values, the phase locked loop comprising: means responsive to a first and a second frame synchronization signal for providing a difference signal indicative of the frame difference between the transmitter and receiver; means for averaging differences over a series of frames as a frame difference output;

09-26-2003

Docket No. CUPO-20-2 (3037-4167)

means for processing the frame difference output through a filter;

means responsive to the filter for integrating and rounding off the frame difference output to the nearest integer value; and

counter means responsive to the integer value providing a sample number for a desired frame boundary;

means providing an offset value indicative of the phase difference between the receiver and a transmitter; and

means for correcting frequency and timing offset between the receiver and the transmitter in the sample number.